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Protocol for Brain Tissue Homogenization in the Bullet Blender™

The protocol described in this document is for the use of the Bullet Blender™ for the homogenization of brain tissue (from a variety of animals). Note that the time and speed settings may differ due to the variation in consistency/texture of tissue from species to species. This protocol does not specify a particular buffer - you may choose which is most appropriate for your downstream application (nucleic acid isolation, protein extraction, etc.).

Materials Required:

brain tissue, Bullet Blender™, homogenization buffer, pipettor, microcentrifuge tubes, and <u>0.5 mm glass beads</u> (part number GB05).

Instructions

- 1. Cut brain tissue into appropriately sized pieces for analysis (50mg-300mg) and place into a microcentrifuge tube. Typical sample size: 100mg.
- 2. **OPTIONAL:** Wash tissue 3x with ~1mL PBS. Aspirate. **NOTE:** This step removes external contaminants (blood, etc.).
- 3. Add glass beads (0.5mm) to the tube. Use a mass of beads equal to your mass of tissue. **NOTE:** 100mg ≅ 50µL of 0.5mm glass beads. It is acceptable to use denser beads, such as zirconium silicate or zirconium oxide beads, or beads one size larger, i.e. 1.0 mm beads.
- 4. Add 0.1mL to 0.6mL buffer (2 volumes of buffer for every mass of tissue).
- 5. Close the microcentrifuge tubes.
- 6. Place tubes into the Bullet Blender™.
- 7. Set controls for **SPEED 6** and **TIME 3** minutes. Press **Start**.
- 8. After the run, remove the tubes from the instrument.
- 9. Visually inspect samples. If homogenization is unsatisfactory, run for another two minutes at the SPEED 6.
- 10. Proceed with your downstream application.

SAFETY NOTE!!!

When using a centrifuge to separate your homogenate from the debris and beads, make sure your tubes are balanced!



Scientific Instrument Services, Inc.TM

1027 Old York Rd. Ringoes, NJ 08551-1039

Phone: (908)788-5550 Fax: (908) 806-6631 www.sisweb.com